

Name: _____

Date: _____

1. One of the most successful European colonies was the Dutch colony of New Netherland. In 1664, the Dutch were forced to give New Netherland to

- A. Spain.
- B. England.
- C. Portugal.
- D. France.

2. In the 1700s, England had colonies along the east coast from New Hampshire to Georgia. Which country did England fight with the most to settle North America?

- A. Holland
- B. Spain
- C. Portugal
- D. France

3. The Dutch who settled in New Netherland in the 1600s started a colony that did well. The Dutch were successful because they

- A. controlled trade in the area.
- B. had a strong navy.
- C. made a treaty with England.
- D. grew tobacco and cotton.

4. Which colony's economy would be most affected by the demand for large supplies of wood to build ships?

- A. New York
- B. South Carolina
- C. Pennsylvania
- D. New Hampshire

5. After the establishment of Jamestown in 1607, the colony had a very difficult time. What saved the colony?

- A. The English moved the entire settlement to Massachusetts.
 - B. The English introduced the growing of tobacco as a cash crop.
 - C. The English worked with the Spanish to protect the colonists.
 - D. The English brought a large army to defeat the Native Americans.
-

6. The way of life of Southeastern Native Americans depended on the resources in their area. Which activity BEST describes their way of life?

- A. They would grow crops and hunt wild game such as deer and birds.
 - B. They would hunt seals and fish for salmon.
 - C. They would raid other tribes and take their food.
 - D. They would hunt buffalo and follow them across the plains.
-

7. Some of the British colonies in North America were made up of land given to one person by the king. The colony of Pennsylvania was settled in the 1600s on land given to

- A. James Oglethorpe.
 - B. John Winthrop.
 - C. John Smith.
 - D. William Penn.
-

8. Some of the settlers who came to the English colonies in the 1700s wanted to keep many of the freedoms that they had in England. The right to vote was one of these freedoms. Which one of the following groups could NOT vote in the 1700s?

- A. merchants
 - B. plantation owners
 - C. women
 - D. farmers who owned land
-

9. The French and Indian War began in 1754. Many of the colonists who lived in North America fought in the war. After the war many of the English colonists

- A. wanted to move west into new lands won in the war.
 - B. returned to Great Britain because the colonies were not safe.
 - C. moved to French areas in Canada which were better for farming.
 - D. decided to return most of the land to Native Americans.
-

10. The way of living of Eastern Woodlands Native Americans depended on the resources in their area. This can be seen in their shelters, which were called longhouses. They were built from wood and bark. This type of shelter was common because

- A. other types of shelters cost too much to build.
- B. the materials of wood and bark were available from the forest.
- C. other types of shelters could not protect them.
- D. the wood and bark could not be destroyed or damaged.

Answer Key

1. B) England.
2. D) France
3. A) controlled trade in the area.
4. D) New Hampshire
5. B) The English introduced the growing of tobacco as a cash crop.
6. A) They would grow crops and hunt wild game such as deer and birds.
7. D) William Penn.
8. C) women
9. A) wanted to move west into new lands won in the war.
10. B) the materials of wood and bark were available from the forest.